Name:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

OGT COLD WAR REVIEW

1. At the end of World War II, Soviet armies liberated the countries of

Eastern Europe from Nazi Germany. The occupation of these

countries by the Soviet Union contributed to the development of

the Cold War by

A. contributing to conflict in the Middle East.

B. bringing about the reunification of Germany.

C. strengthening the authority of the United Nations.

D. dividing Europe into communist and non-communist

spheres.

1. In 1959, rebel forces led by Fidel Castro overthrew the government of

Cuba. Castro’s communist dictatorship seized privately owned farms and factories. People who spoke out against the government were imprisoned. From the 1960s through the 1980s, many people fled from Cuba to the United States.

Based on these conditions, the reasons for this migration were

A. health concerns.

B. economic concerns.

C. environmental concerns.

D. racial concerns.

1. Following World War II, the Soviet Union dominated the countries of

Eastern Europe. Forty years later, the Soviet bloc disintegrated, and the Soviet Union broke apart as well.

These later events led to

1. struggles for political control in countries formerly under the control

of the Soviet Union.

B. the Chinese Communist Revolution.

C.renewed conflict between Israel and its neighbors.

D. the dismantling of the NATO alliance.

1. The use of atomic weapons at the end of World War II fostered fears about their potential use during the Cold War years.

These fears were critical in determining the U.S. response to

A. the Marshall Plan.

B. the Berlin Blockade.

C. the Cuban Missile Crisis.

D. the independence movement in India.

1. Which was a common factor in the United States that caused the Red Scare following World War I and McCarthyism following World War II?

A. racial tension in major cities

B. signs of economic downturn

C. fear of communist expansion

D. the counterculture movement

1. The Cold War between the United States and the Soviet Union was

partly the result of the expansion of the Soviet Union in Central and

Eastern Europe as World War II ended.

• Describe one U.S. concern about the Soviet Union’s domination

of Central and Eastern Europe after 1945.

• Cite a relevant action taken by the United States in response to

the identified concern.

Write your answer in the **Answer Document**. (4 points)